## Mid Semester Exam #2

## Math 3350: Higher Mathematics for Engineers and Scientists I

## Fall 09 - Section 012

- Time allowed: 1 hour 20 minutes.
- This is an open book exam.
- Answer all questions.
- Show all the necessary work to earn full credit.
- Answers written on the test paper will not be graded.
- Please print your name on the first page of your answer scripts.
- Write your name on all the pages

(1) (a) Using the method of completing the square show that

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left[\frac{3s+4}{s^2+2s+2}\right] = e^{-t} \left(3\cos t + \sin t\right).$$

(b) Recall the if 
$$\mathcal{L}[f(t)] = F(s)$$
, then  $\mathcal{L}[tf(t)] = -\frac{dF(s)}{ds}$ . Use this result to show that  $\mathcal{L}[te^{-t}(3\cos t + \sin t)] = \frac{3s^2 + 8s + 2}{(s^2 + 2s + 2)^2}.$ 

(2) Solve for y(t), where  $\ddot{y}(t) + 5\dot{y}(t) + 6y(t) = 6 + 2e^{-t}$ ;  $y(0) = \dot{y}(0) = 0$ .

(3) Consider

$$\ddot{y}(t) + a\dot{y}(t) + by(t) = f(t); \ y(0) = y_0, \ \dot{y}(0) = v_0,$$

where  $a, b, y_0$ , and  $v_0$  are unknown constants.

For  $f(t) = e^{-2t}$ , y(t) was recorded as

$$y(t) = 3e^{-2t} + 2e^{-t} + e^{-5t}.$$

- (a) Calculate  $a, b, y_0$ , and  $v_0$  from this data if possible.
- (b) For  $f(t) = \sin t$ , what should be the corresponding y(t)?