

Math 3350
Home Work 1 (answers)

①

① Ans:

$$v(t) = v_h(t) + v_p(t)$$

① Let us find the homogeneous solution $v_h(t)$

$$20 \frac{dv}{dt} + v = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{dv}{v} = - \int \frac{dt}{20}$$

$$\Rightarrow \ln v \Big|_{v_0}^v = - \frac{t}{20} \Big|_0^t$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{v = v_0 e^{-t/20}}$$

← homogeneous solⁿ

$$v_h(t) = v_0 e^{-t/20}$$

(B) Find particular solution for $f(t) = 0$.

By inspection

$v_p(t) = 0$ would suffice

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Hence

$$v(t) = v_0 e^{-t/20}$$

$\because v(0) = 100$ we have $v_0 = 100$

$$\therefore \boxed{v(t) = 100 e^{-t/20}}$$

(C) Find particular solⁿ for $f(t) = 10$

By inspection

$v_p(t) = 10$ would suffice

Hence

$$v(t) = 10 + v_0 e^{-t/20}$$

$$100 = v(0) = 10 + v_0 \Rightarrow v_0 = 90$$

$$\therefore \boxed{v(t) = 10 + 90 e^{-t/20}}$$

① Find particular solution for ③

$$f(t) = 5 \sin 30t$$

Look at pages
⑦ & ⑧ for alternative
solution

Let us guess that

$$v_p(t) = A \sin 30t + B \cos 30t. \quad (*)$$

Substitute $(*)$ in

$$20 \frac{dv_p}{dt} + v_p = 5 \sin 30t.$$

to obtain \rightarrow

$$\frac{dv_p}{dt} = 30A \cos 30t - 30B \sin 30t.$$

$$\therefore 20 \frac{dv_p}{dt} = 600A \cos 30t - 600B \sin 30t.$$

Hence we obtain

$$(600A + B) \cos 30t + (A - 600B) \sin 30t = 5 \sin 30t.$$

It follows that

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$$B + 600A = 0 \Rightarrow B = -600A$$

$$A - 600B = 5$$

$$\Rightarrow A + (600)^2 A = 5$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \frac{5}{1 + (600)^2}$$

$$B = \frac{-600 \times 5}{1 + (600)^2}$$

$$\therefore v_1(t) = \frac{5}{1 + (600)^2} \sin 30t$$

$$- \frac{3000}{1 + (600)^2} \cos 30t$$

$$= \frac{5}{\sqrt{1 + (600)^2}} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + (600)^2}} \sin 30t \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{600}{\sqrt{1 + (600)^2}} \cos 30t \right]$$

Define an angle α :

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+(600)^2}}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{600}{\sqrt{1+(600)^2}}$$

We obtain .

$$v_p(t) = \frac{5}{\sqrt{1+(600)^2}} \sin(30t - \alpha)$$

It follows that

$$v(t) = v_p(t) + \sqrt{v_h(t)}$$

$$= \frac{5}{\sqrt{1+(600)^2}} \sin(30t - \alpha) + \sqrt{e^{-t/20}}$$

where $\sqrt{}$ is arbitrary constant .

To obtain $\sqrt{}$ we have

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$$100 = v(0) = -\frac{5 \sin \alpha}{\sqrt{1 + (600)^2}} + V$$

$$= V - \frac{5 \cdot 600}{1 + (600)^2}$$

$$\therefore V = 100 + \frac{5 \cdot 600}{1 + (600)^2}$$

$$\approx 100 + \frac{5}{600} = 100.008\bar{3}$$

$$\approx 100.01$$

Hence

$$v(t) \approx \frac{5}{600} \sin(30t - \alpha) + 100.01 e^{-t/20}$$

Oscillatory
part

exponentially
decaying
part.

Home Work 1 (answers)

① Ans:

$$20 \frac{dv}{dt} + v = f(t)$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} + \frac{1}{20} v(t) = \frac{1}{20} f(t)$$

↑ This is a linear 1st order eqn.

$$P(t) = \frac{1}{20}$$

$$Q(t) = \frac{1}{20} f(t)$$

$$\mu(t) = e^{\int \frac{1}{20} dt} = e^{t/20}$$

② $f(t) = 5 \sin 30t$

$$y(t) = e^{-t/20} \left[\int e^{t/20} \frac{1}{20} 5 \sin 30t dt + C \right]$$

$$= e^{-t/20} \left[\frac{1}{4} \int e^{t/20} \sin 30t dt + C \right]$$

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$$\int e^{t/20} \sin 30t \, dt$$

$$= \frac{e^{t/20} \left[\frac{1}{20} \sin 30t - 30 \cos 30t \right]}{\frac{1}{400} + 900}$$

From the integration tables.

Thus

$$y(t) = c e^{-t/20} +$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{900 + \frac{1}{400}} \left[\frac{1}{20} \sin 30t - 30 \cos 30t \right]$$

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② Ans:

$$x(t) = x_h(t) + x_p(t).$$

① Let us find the homogeneous solⁿ.
 $x_h(t)$.

$$10 \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + 20x = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + 2x = 0 \quad (*)$$

Guess $x_h(t) = A \sin \sqrt{2} t + B \cos \sqrt{2} t$.

To verify we compute

$$\frac{d}{dt} x_h(t) = \sqrt{2} A \cos \sqrt{2} t - \sqrt{2} B \sin \sqrt{2} t.$$

$$\frac{d^2 x_h(t)}{dt^2} = -2A \sin \sqrt{2} t - 2B \cos \sqrt{2} t.$$

$$= -2 [A \sin \sqrt{2} t + B \cos \sqrt{2} t]$$

$$= -2 x_h(t).$$

Hence $\frac{d^2 x_h(t)}{dt^2} + 2 x_h(t) = 0$.

$$x_h(t) = A \sin \sqrt{2} t + B \cos \sqrt{2} t. \quad (10) \quad (8)$$

(B) Find particular solⁿ for $f(t) = 0$
 $x_p(t) = 0$ (By inspection).

Hence

$$x(t) = A \sin \sqrt{2} t + B \cos \sqrt{2} t.$$

$$5 = x(0) = B \Rightarrow B = 5.$$

$$\Rightarrow x(t) = A \sin \sqrt{2} t + 5 \cos \sqrt{2} t.$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dx(t)}{dt} = \sqrt{2} A \cos \sqrt{2} t - \sqrt{2} \cdot 5 \sin \sqrt{2} t.$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dx(0)}{dt} = \sqrt{2} A = 15 \Rightarrow A = \frac{15}{\sqrt{2}}.$$

$$\therefore x(t) = \frac{15}{\sqrt{2}} \sin \sqrt{2} t + 5 \cos \sqrt{2} t$$

(11) (9)

(c) Find particular solution for $f(t) = 10$

$$x_p(t) = \frac{1}{2} \quad (\text{By inspection})$$

Hence

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{2} + A \sin \sqrt{2} t + B \cos \sqrt{2} t.$$

$$5 = x(0) = \frac{1}{2} + B \Rightarrow B = 4\frac{1}{2} = \frac{9}{2}.$$

$$\therefore x(t) = \frac{1}{2} + A \sin \sqrt{2} t + \frac{9}{2} \cos \sqrt{2} t.$$

$$\frac{dx(t)}{dt} = 0 + \sqrt{2} A \cos \sqrt{2} t - \frac{9}{2} \sqrt{2} \sin \sqrt{2} t.$$

$$\frac{dx(0)}{dt} = \sqrt{2} A = 15 \Rightarrow A = \frac{15}{\sqrt{2}}.$$

$$\therefore x(t) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{15}{\sqrt{2}} \sin \sqrt{2} t + \frac{9}{2} \cos \sqrt{2} t$$

(D) Find a particular solution $x_p(t)$ to the equation

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$$10 \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + 20x = \sin 30t$$

guess

$$x_p(t) = \sin 30t + \cos 30t$$

$$x_p'(t) = 30 \cos 30t - 30 \sin 30t$$

$$x_p''(t) = -900 \sin 30t - 900 \cos 30t$$

$$10 x_p'' + 20 x_p =$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -9000 \sin 30t - 9000 \cos 30t \\ & + 20 \sin 30t + 20 \cos 30t \\ & = \sin 30t \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{aligned} (20 - 9000) &= 1 & \Rightarrow & \neq 0 \\ (20 - 9000) &= 0 & \Rightarrow & = \frac{-1}{8980} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore x_p(t) = -\frac{\sin 30t}{8980}$$

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Hence

$$x(t) =$$

$$A \sin \sqrt{2} t + B \cos \sqrt{2} t - \frac{\sin 30 t}{8980}.$$

To find A, B we use the initial conditions.

$$5 = x(0) = B \quad \Rightarrow B = 5$$

$$15 = x'(0) = \sqrt{2} A - \frac{30}{8980}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{2} A = 15 + \frac{3}{898}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[15 + \frac{3}{898} \right]$$

$$\therefore x(t) =$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[15 + \frac{3}{898} \right] \sin \sqrt{2} t + 5 \cos \sqrt{2} t - \frac{\sin 30 t}{8980}.$$